SITRANS F US Ultrasonic catalog

SIEMENS
Sitrans F US is a range of ultrasonic flowmeters by Siemens for different purposes.

The company produces two versions of such sensors: inline and clamp-on. They differ in the type of mounting into the system.

**Siemens produces the following Clamp-on Sitrans F US series:**
- SITRANS FS 220
- SITRANS FS 230

The system of such flow meters consists of SITRANS FST 020 or SITRANS FST 030 transmitters that work with FSS200 measuring sensor.

**The SITRANS F S inline family includes the following models:**
- SITRANS F US SONO 3100
- SITRANS F US SONO 3300
- SITRANS FUS380
- SITRANS FUE380
- SITRANS F US SONOKIT
- SITRANS FUS880

Siemens SItrans F S are modern ultrasonic flowmeters that are capable of working in pipes of any diameter, thanks to clamp-on versions or mounted directly in the pipeline for greater accuracy.

To find out stock ability and delivery time to your region, please contact our manager.

info@eltra-trade.com
Overview

SITRANS F US clamp-on ultrasonic flowmeters provide highly accurate measurement while minimizing installation time and maintenance expense.

Benefits

- Easy installation; no need to cut pipe or stop flow
- Minimal maintenance; external transducers do not require periodic cleaning
- No moving parts to foul or wear
- No pressure drop or energy loss
- Wide turn-down ratio
- Choice of single, dual or multiple channel versions and a variety of enclosures - to suit your operating conditions and requirements

Application

SITRANS F US clamp-on ultrasonic flowmeters have six product families, each targeting specific applications:

FUS1010 and FUP1010 General purpose flowmeters are suitable for a wide variety of liquid applications, including the following:
- Water industry
  - Raw water
  - Potable water
  - Chemicals
- Wastewater industry
  - Raw sewage
  - Effluent
  - Sludges
  - Mixed liquor
  - Chemicals
- HVAC industry
  - Chillers
  - Condensers
  - Hot & cold water systems
- Power industry
  - Nuclear
  - Fossil
  - Hydroelectric
- Processing industry
  - Process control
  - Batching
  - Rate indication
  - Volumetric and mass measurement

FUE1010 Energy flowmeters are ideally suited to thermal energy/power industry applications, including:
- Chilled water sub-metering
- Hot water sub-metering
- Condenser water
- Glycol
- Thermal storage
- Lake source cooling

FUH1010 Oil flowmeters are ideal for applications carrying crude oil, refined petroleum or liquefied gas. There are three application areas: Interface detectors, volumetric flowmeters and mass or standard volume flowmeters

FUH1010 Oil flowmeters

- Precise identification of interfaces on multi-liquid pipelines
- Rapid and precise scraper "pig" indication
- Product identification
- Density indication

Viscosity compensated volumetric flowmeters
- Applications with multiple liquids having a wide viscosity range
- Automatic gross volume compensation due to viscosity changes

Standard volume (net) mass flowmeters
- Standard (net) volume flow measurement
- Suitable for use in leak detection systems
- Mass flow output measurement
- Interface detection
- Scraper ("pig") detection
- Chemical and petrochemical processing

FUG1010 Gas flowmeters are ideal for most natural and process gas industry applications, including:
- Checkmetering
- Allocation
- Flow survey verification
- Lost and unaccounted for (LAUF) analysis
- Production
- Storage

FUS1020 General purpose flowmeters are suitable for most clean liquid applications, including the following:
- Water & wastewater industry
  - Potable water
  - Wastewater, influent & effluent
  - Processed sewage, sludge
- Chemical feed industry
  - Sodium hypochlorite
  - Sodium hydroxide
- HVAC & power industries
  - Coolant flow
  - Fuel flow
- Process control
  - Chemicals
  - Pharmaceuticals
SITRANS F flowmeters
SITRANS F US
Clamp-on ultrasonic flowmeters
Thickness gauge

Overview

The thickness gauge is used to measure the wall thickness of the pipe that a clamp-on ultrasonic flowmeter is installed on. The wall thickness value is a vital factor in the flow computation model and a prerequisite for precise clamp-on ultrasonic flow measurement. When measuring any pipe wall thickness the thickness gauge can also be used as a stand-alone tool used to measure the wall thickness of any metallic or non-metallic pipe materials capable of acting as an ultrasonic wave conductor.

Benefits

The thickness gauge is an indispensable tool in accurate clamp-on ultrasonic flow measurement. For a flowmeter to measure correctly it needs to know the exact wall thickness of the pipe it is measuring on. Since even the smallest miscalculation can have a major effect on the flow reading, the pipe thickness gauge has to be extremely precise. This is why the standard probe operates at a 5 MHz frequency making it capable of measuring pipe thickness ranging from 0.1 to 200 mm (0.03" to 7.9") with a very high resolution of up to 0.1 mm (0.004").

Function

The thickness gauge measurement is based on the transit time ultrasonic wave propagation principle: a high frequency ultrasonic beam is shot into the pipe being measured through a probe acting as a sender and receiver. When the probe subsequently retrieves that same signal, an internal counter calculates the time taken for the signals to be sent and received through the pipe. This value is used to evaluate the speed of sound through the pipe and consequently, the thickness of the pipe wall.

Technical specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Display type</td>
<td>4-digit LCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display resolution</td>
<td>0.01 mm (0.001&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurement units</td>
<td>Metric and imperial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sound velocity range</td>
<td>1 000 to 9 999 m/s (3 280 to 32 805 ft/s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating temperature</td>
<td>-10 ... +50 °C (14 ... 122 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update range</td>
<td>4 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>5 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power source</td>
<td>2 x 1.5 V AAA dry cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power consumption</td>
<td>Working current is less than 3 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery life</td>
<td>Approx. 250 h on a set of batteries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions (W x H x D)</td>
<td>61 x 108 x 28 mm (2.4 x 4.3 x 1.1&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>150 g (5.3 oz)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Selection and Ordering data

Order No. Thickness gauge 7ME3951-0TG20

D) Subject to export regulations AL: N; ECCN: EAR99H.
## System information and selection guide

### SITRANS F US Clamp-on meters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry/Applications</th>
<th>FUS1010 (Standard)</th>
<th>FUS1020 (Basic)</th>
<th>FUP1010 (Portable)</th>
<th>FUE1010 (Energy)</th>
<th>FUH1010 (Oil)</th>
<th>FUG1010 (Gas)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water and aqueous solutions</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility district heating, cooling</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons/Petrochemical, multiple products or varying viscosity, liquefied gases, net and gross volume</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons (Single product with limited viscosity range) gross volume</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very low flow (&lt;10 lpm) in small pipes</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural gas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process gas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slurries or liquids with high percentage of undissolved gases</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High temperature liquids &gt; 120 °C (248 °F)</td>
<td>X^{1) }</td>
<td>X^{1) }</td>
<td>X^{1) }</td>
<td>X^{1) }</td>
<td>X^{1) }</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aerospace or hydraulic test</td>
<td>X^{2) }</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X^{2) }</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refrigeration liquids</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food products</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Design

| Field clamp-on (non-intrusive)                    | X                  | X               | X                 | X               | X            | X            |
| Doppler (Reflexor) hybrid capability              | X^{4) }            |                 |                   |                 | X            | X            |
| Standard volume or mass flow; per API 2540        |                    | X               |                   | X               |              |              |
| Interface detection                               |                    |                 |                   | X               |              |              |
| Density output                                    |                    |                 |                   | X               |              |              |
| Standard volume or mass flow; per AGA 8           |                    |                 |                   |                 | X            |              |
| Differential temperature with energy calculation  |                    |                 |                   | X               |              |              |
| Temperature measurement                           | X                  | X               | X                 |                 | X            | X            |
| Analog input                                      | X                  | X               | X                 |                 | X            | X            |
| Large graphics display (optional)                 | X                  | X               | X                 |                 | X            | X            |
| Diagnostic PC software (DataView)                 | X                  | X               | X                 |                 | X            | X            |

### Number of acoustic paths and channels

| 1-channel                                         | X                  | X               | X                 | X               | X            | X            |
| 2-path                                            | X                  | X               | X                 | X               | X            | X            |
| 2-channel w/ arithmetic function                  | X                  | X               | X                 | X               | X            | X            |
| 4-path / (special order)                          | X                  |                 |                   |                 | X            | X            |
| 4-channel w/ sum of active channels               | X                  |                 |                   |                 | X            | X            |

### Transmitter enclosure

| IP65 (NEMA 4)                                     | X                  |                 |                   |                 |              |              |
| IP65 (NEMA 4X)                                    |                    | X               | X                 | X               | X            | X            |
| IP66 (NEMA 1)                                     | X                  |                 |                   |                 |              |              |
| IP40 (NEMA 1)                                     | X^{[3]}            |                 |                   |                 |              |              |
| IP65 (NEMA 7) Compact                             | X                  |                 |                   |                 | X            | X            |
| IP66 (NEMA 7) Wall mount                          | X                  |                 |                   |                 | X            | X            |

1) Special order high temperature clamp-on transducer
2) Special order Aerospace clip-on transducer recommended
3) Available with portable energy systems
4) Not for NEMA 7 Compact

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SITRANS F US Clamp-on meters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FUS1010 (Standard)</th>
<th>FUS1020 (Basic)</th>
<th>FUP1010 (Portable)</th>
<th>FUE1010 (Energy)</th>
<th>FUH1010 (Oil)</th>
<th>FUG1010 (Gas)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power Supply</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal battery operation</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery charger (100 ... 240 V AC 50 ... 60 Hz) with country specific line cord</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 ... 240 V AC, 50 ... 60 Hz</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 ... 36 V DC</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Size (larger sizes up to 9150 mm (360&quot;) are available as special order)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.5 ... 1220 mm (0.25&quot; ... 48&quot;)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38 ... 1220 mm (1.5&quot; ... 48&quot;)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Approvals</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FM / CSA2)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATEX</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UL / ULc / CE2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1) Available with portable energy systems
2) NEMA 4X associated equipment in DIV 2 connected to DIV 1 transducers, NEMA 7 explosionproof equipment in DIV 1 connected to DIV 1 transducers.
3) Ordinary, unclassified locations only

Transducer type selection guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application condition. Note all that apply before making selection</th>
<th>Standard transducers supported in MLFB</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Standard clamp-on High precision</td>
<td>Standard clamp-on Universal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Media</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General survey (clean liquids) on steel and non-steel pipes</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General survey (clean liquids) on a limited range of steel pipes</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderately aerated liquid or slurry</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highly aerated liquid or slurry</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permanent installation on steel pipe (clean liquids)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation in offshore or corrosive environment</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid temperature greater than 120 °C (248 °F)</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operation on single pipeline flowing multiple products</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural gas or process gas</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pipe material</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel pipe with diameter/wall thickness ratio &lt;10</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-steel pipe material (copper, ductile iron, cast iron, etc.)</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wall thickness &gt; 25.4 mm (1&quot;)</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

O = not suitable  X = preferred choice
Function

Operating Principle

The SITRANS FUS1010 system is a transit-time ultrasonic meter that provides exceptional performance using a non-invasive clamp-on approach. Ultrasonic transducers transmit and receive acoustic signals directly through the existing pipe wall, where the fluid refraction angle is governed by Snell’s law of refraction.

Clamp-on transducer mounted in a reflect configuration

The beam refraction angle is calculated as follows:

\[
\sin \theta = \frac{c}{V_p}
\]

- \( c \) = Velocity of sound in fluid
- \( V_p \) = Phase velocity (a constant in the pipe wall)

The flowmeter automatically compensates for any change in fluid sound velocity (or beam angle) in response to variations in the average transit-time between transducers A and B. By subtracting the computed fixed times (within the transducers and pipe wall) from the measured average transit-time, the meter can then infer the required transit-time in the fluid (\( T_{\text{Fluid}} \)).

The sound waves traveling in the same direction as flow (\( T_{AB} \)) arrive earlier than sound waves traveling against the direction of flow (\( T_{BA} \)). This time difference (\( \Delta t \)) is used to compute the line integrated flow velocity (\( v \)) as shown in the equation below:

\[
v = \frac{V_p}{2} \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{T_{\text{Fluid}}}
\]

Once the raw flow velocity is determined, the fluid Reynolds number (\( Re \)) must be determined to properly correct for fully developed flow profile. This requires the entry of the fluid’s kinematic viscosity (\( \nu \)) as shown in the equations below, where \( Q \) represents the final flow profile compensated volumetric flow rate.

\[
Re = \frac{Di \cdot v \cdot \nu}{\rho} = K(Re) \cdot \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot D_i^2 \right) \cdot v
\]

- \( v \) = Flow velocity
- \( \nu = \mu / \rho \) = (dynamic viscosity / density)
- \( K(Re) \) = Reynolds flow profile compensation

In all wetted type ultrasonic flowmeters the meter constants are configured prior to leaving the factory. As this is not possible with clamp-on meters, the settings must be made by the customer at the time of installation. These settings include pipe diameter, wall thickness, liquid viscosity, etc.

SITRANS Clamp-On meters that include temperature sensing can be configured to dynamically infer changes in fluid viscosity for the purpose of computing the most accurate flow profile compensation (\( K(Re) \)).

Ultrasonic Transducer Types

Two basic types of Clamp-On transducers can be selected for use with the SITRANS FUS1010 flowmeter. The lower cost “universal” transducer is the most common type in the industry and is suitable for most single liquid application where the sound velocity does not vary much. This transducer type can be used on any sonically conductive pipe material (including steel) making it well suited for portable survey applications. Universal transducers are selected based on the pipe diameter range alone, so wall thickness is not important to the selection process.

The second transducer type is the patented WideBeam transducer (called high precision), which utilizes the pipe wall as a kind of loudspeaker to optimize the signal to noise ratio and provide a wider area of vibration. This makes this kind of transducer less sensitive to any change in the fluid medium.

The WideBeam transducer is designed for steel pipes, but can also be used with aluminum, titanium and plastic pipe. It is the preferred transducer for HPI and gas applications. Note that unlike the universal type, this transducer selection is dependent only on the pipe’s wall thickness.

Automatic Zero Drift Correction (ZeroMatic Path™)

When WideBeam transducers are installed in the “Reflect” mode configuration shown below, the acoustic signal travels in two different paths between transducers A and B. One path “ACB” travels through the pipe wall and fluid, while the other path “AB” never enters the fluid medium.

Multi-Channel Flowmeters

For improved flow profile averaging, redundancy, or better cost per measurement, Clamp-On meters can be supplied with 1 or 2 measurement channel, with 4 channel meters supplied as special order.

In the standard FUS, FUP, FUE systems, these channels can be installed on separate independent lines or in a multi-beam installation as shown below. This choice is made during meter setup, where either a multi-path (two paths on same pipe) or multi-channel installation can be selected.

This later path provides the meter with a reference signal that is completely independent of flow rate and can therefore be used as a measure of transducer “mis-match”. By continually analyzing this pipe wall signal the FUS1010 meter can dynamically correct for flow errors caused by zero drift.

Dual path installation example
Doppler (Reflexor®) Operation

The Doppler measurement technique relies on the reflection of sound energy off tiny gas bubbles or suspended particles to create a doppler shift in the fixed frequency acoustic transmit signal, as shown below.

Pipe wall

Doppler equation:

\[ \Delta f = 2 \cdot f \cdot \sin \Phi \cdot \nu / c \]

Where:

- \( f \) = Transmit frequency
- \( \nu \) = Average flow velocity
- \( c \) = Liquid sound velocity
- \( \Phi \) = Path refraction angle

Note: \( \sin \Phi / c \) is a constant related to the transducer’s phase velocity.

When de-demodulated using FFT signal processing, this doppler shifted frequency \( (\Delta f) \) can be used to measure the flow rate as described in the associated doppler equations below.

Although the standard transit-time measurement system is very tolerant of high levels of liquid aeration and high solids content, there will be cases where insufficient signal will be available for operation with transit-time mode. For these cases the FUS, FUP and FUE meters can be ordered with this optional doppler capability, which requires an additional doppler transducer.

**SITRANS meter family description**

**SITRANS FUS1010 flowmeters**

The FUS1010 system is a basic function permanent (or dedicated) clamp-on meter that is available with a full range of safety approvals, I/Os and enclosure types. This meter can be used in a wide range of applications but does not include the special functions found in the hydrocarbon FUH and energy FUE flowmeters.

The FUS1010 meter is typically programmed with a fixed viscosity and specific gravity entry, which can limit the mass flow and volumetric flow accuracy when highly variable (multi-product) liquid properties flow through the same pipeline.

If this meter is ordered with the Type 3 hardware and program configuration, it will have the ability to accommodate clamp-on RTDs, or an analog input from a temperature transmitter. With an active measurement of liquid temperature the meter can then be programmed to compensate for changes in liquid density and viscosity by mean of a “UniMass” table (for advanced users).

**SITRANS FUS1020 flowmeters**

The FUS1020 system has the same basic function of the FUS1010 system, but does not include the same I/O capability or safety approval rating of the FUS1010. This basic meter is intended for single liquid applications that do not require these additional features. Note that the FUS1020 is not available with hazardous area approvals.

**SITRANS FUP1010 Portable meters**

The FUP1010 meter has all the capabilities of the FUS1010 meter, but in a battery powered portable configuration. This meter is ideal for general flow survey work where high accuracy is required. Note that the FUP meter is not available with hazardous areas approvals.

**SITRANS FUE1010 Energy meters**

By combining clamp-on transit-time flow measurement with accurate temperature differential measurement, the FUE1010 system provides a solution to thermal energy metering with no interruption of service. Energy measurement can be provided for water, ethylene glycol and brine solutions or steam condensate.

Absolute and differential temperature measurement is accomplished with the use of 2 matched 1 kΩ RTD elements installed on the supply and return side of the heating or cooling system. Efficiency calculation (kW/ton, EER or COP) is also available in systems with the optional analog input capability, which allow the meter to accept a power meter output.

The FUE1010 system is available in both dedicated (IP65 (NEMA 4X)) and portable configurations (IP40).

**SITRANS FUG1010 Gas meters**

**Be sure to contact a Siemens clamp-on specialist before placing a gas system order.**

This unique Clamp-On gas meter uses the same WideBeam transit-time operating principle described above. However, due to the very low density and sound velocity characteristics of gases, this meter requires a high gain signal amplifier and the installation of a pipe damping material.

The pipe damping material consists of an adhesive backed viscoelastic film that is designed to attenuate any stray acoustic transmit energy that may otherwise interfere with the transit-time gas signal. Damping material installation requires a clean (grease free) pipe surface with well bonded paint.

The Clamp-On gas meter is capable of operation on most gases (natural gas, oxygen, nitrogen, carbon monoxide, etc) with a typical minimum operating pressure of 10 barg (145 psig). Low molecular weight gases such as helium or hydrogen can also be measured, but at a higher minimum pressure.

Standard volume computation: The FUG1010 gas meter is not designed with the same capabilities of a volume compensating flow computer but it can provide a standard volume or mass flow output for fixed gas compositions. All FUG1010 Gas meters include analog input capability that can be used for pressure and temperature compensation. With the installation of an AGA8 lookup table this meter can dynamically adjust the compressibility factor \( Z_{ac} \) in response to changes in gas pressure and temperature, as indicate below:

### Std. Rate = \( Q_{act} \cdot P_{base} / T_{base} \cdot Z_{base} / Z_{ac} \)

**SITRANS FUH1010 Hydrocarbon meters**

There are two models of flowmeters included in the FUH1010 family, a viscosity compensated model, used for applications that will flow a wide range of viscosity, and a standard volume (Mass) model. Both models rely on a variable referred to as “liq-uidant”, which is used to infer the liquid’s viscosity and optionally the liquid’s density. This variable represents the measured liquid sonic velocity compensated by the operating temperature and pressure, so for a given liquid product the measured liquid input will remain constant over a wide range of pressure or temperature.

**PV (Viscosity Compensation) Option:**

This is the lower cost FUH meter option that uses the liquidant variable to infer only the actual liquid viscosity. This meter does NOT provide the standard volume, mass flow, liquid identification or density output available in the DV meter option described below. The PV meter is suitable for any petroleum application where actual volume required as the input to an external RTU or flow computer.
DV (Standard Volume) Option:
This liquid variable can also be used to identify the liquid's name (gasoline, fuel oil, crude oil, etc) as well as its physical properties (specify gravity, API, viscosity and compressibility) at base conditions. With this information the meter can be configured to output a temperature and pressure compensated (standard) volume flow rate using the API 2540 and API MPMS chapter 11.2.1 methods as shown below.

Correction for Temperature:
Compute Thermal Expansion Coefficient ($\alpha_b$):
$$\alpha_b = \frac{K_0}{\rho_b^2} + \frac{K_1}{\rho_b}$$
where: $K_0$ and $K_1$ are constants dependent on type of liquid and $\rho_b$ is the liquid density at base conditions

Compute temperature correction factor ($K_T$):
$$K_T = \rho_b \cdot \exp(-\alpha_b \Delta T (1 + 0.8 \alpha_b \Delta T))$$
where: $\Delta T = (T - \text{base temperature})$

Correction for Pressure:
Compute Compressibility Factor (F):
$$F = \exp(A + B \cdot T + (C + D \cdot T) / \rho_b^2)$$
where: $A$, $B$, $C$ and $D$ are constants, and "T" is liquid temperature

Compute pressure correction factor ($K_p$):
$$K_p = \frac{1}{1 - F (P_{act} - P_{base}) \cdot 10^{-4}}$$

Final Volume Correction: $Q_{std} = Q_{act} \cdot K_T \cdot K_p$

Available outputs from this meter include: API, Density, Mass Flowrate, Standard Volume Flowrate and Liquid Identification.

B (Interface Detection) Option:
This meter option is designed to provide the non-Flow capabilities of a DV meter, making it an ideal non-intrusive alternative to a densitometer, interface detector or pig detector. Be aware that this meter does NOT measure flow rate.
FUS1010, FUE1010, FUH1010 and FUG1010 IP65 (NEMA 4X) Enclosure

Dimensions in mm (inch)

FUS1010, FUH1010 and FUG1010 IP65 (NEMA 7) Compact explosionproof enclosure

Note:
Net weight: 4.1 kg (9.0 lbs) max.
SITRANS F flowmeters
SITRANS F US
System information and selection guide

FUS1010 and FUH1010 IP66 (NEMA 7) Wall mount explosionproof enclosure

Dimensions in mm (inch)

Power supply:
90/240 V AC 50/60 Hz
9/36 V DC, 10 W

Note: Net weight: 29 kg (64.0 lbs) max.
**SITRANS F flowmeters**

**SITRANS F US**

System information and selection guide

**FUG1010 IP66 (NEMA 7) wall mount explosion-proof enclosure**

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**Dimensions in mm (inch)**

- **Hinged optional display/keypad panel**
- **Transducer cables**
- **Data/Control I/O**
- **Power In**

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**Flow display computer** (shown with cover open) (Single channel version)

- **Flow display computer** (shown with cover open) (Multi-channel flowmeter)

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**Power supply:**
- 90/240 V AC 50/60 Hz
- 9/36 V DC, 10 W

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**Note:** Net weight: 45 kg (99.0 lbs) max.
FUP1010 IP67 Weatherproof impact resistant enclosure

Note:
Net weight: 3.64 kg (8.0 lbs)

Dimensions in mm (inch)
FUE1010 IP40 (NEMA 1) Portable impact resistant enclosure

Dimensions in mm (inch)

- Transducer, data/control and power cable connectors (see zone B2)
- Pressure relief valve
- Model/Serial number identification label (Inside cover)
- Flow transducer cable connectors
- Flow display computer test connector
- RS-232 connector
- Battery status indicator
- Auxiliary power/battery charger input
- Temperature sensor cable connectors (Optional)

Note:
Net weight: 3.5 kg (7.7 lbs)
FUS1020 IP65 (NEMA 4) Wall mount enclosure

Dimensions in mm (inch)

Notes:
1. Net weight 1.4 kg (3.0 lbs)
2. Use conduit fittings or cable glands at all cable entries.
   Install weather tight seals at all unused holes.
We supply:

- SITRANS FM Magflo
- SIEMENS MAG 1100
- SIEMENS MAG 3100
- SIEMENS MAG 5100
- SIEMENS MAG 8000
- other Siemens products

Eltra Trade s.r.o. supplies full range of SIEMENS SITRANS F products with the best prices and delivery terms.

To find out stock ability and delivery time to your region, please contact our manager.

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